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# Scroll Compressors for Mars Atmospheric Acquisition

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June 13<sup>th</sup>, 2018  
Revision 06



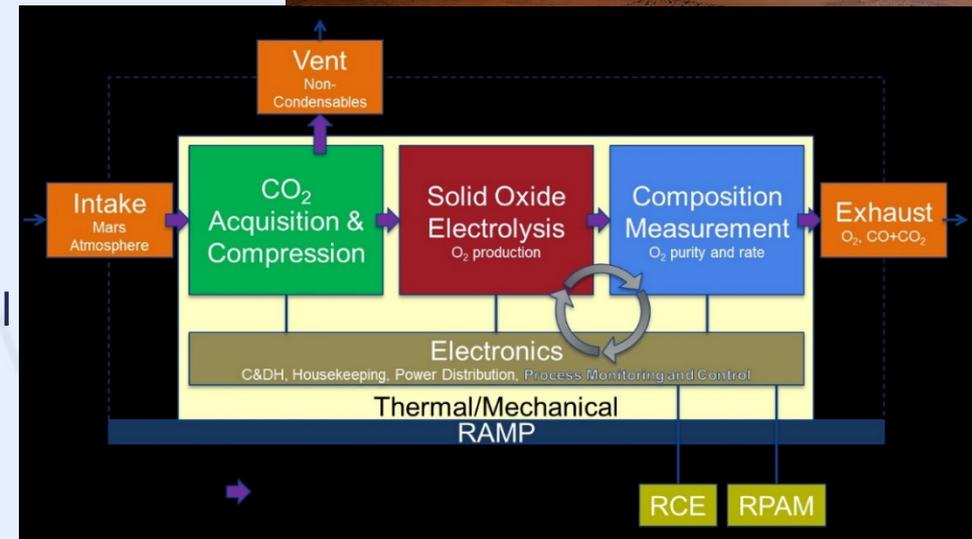
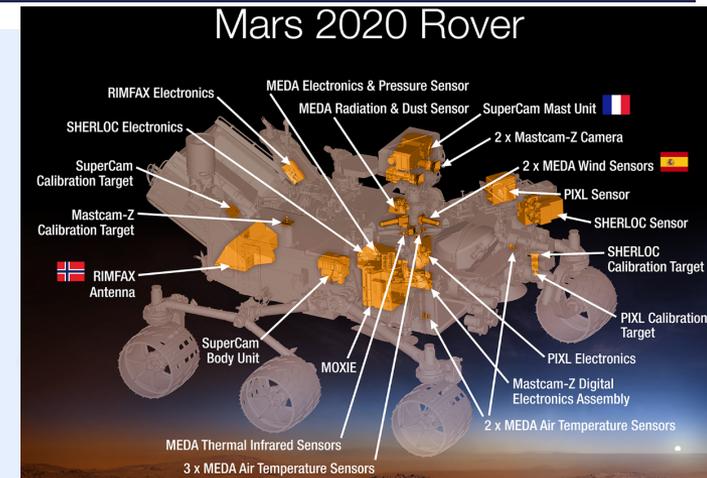
# Air Squared Background

- Air Squared is a commercial scroll compressor company
  - Design custom solutions for
    - Medical
    - Aerospace
    - Fuel Cell
    - Energy Generation
- Had not ventured into the space business until a NASA SBIR came up that was a perfect fit
  - Mars Oxygen In Situ Experiment (MOXIE) focused on oxygen generation
    - Estimated to reduce the landed dry mass from 100 metric tons to 70 metric tons for a human mission



# MOXIE System

- CO2 Acquisition and Compression
- Intake
  - Brings in Martian atmosphere
  - 95% carbon dioxide
  - Filtered through HEPA filters
- Solid Oxide Electrolysis
  - 800°C temperature
  - Thermally isolated
- Composition Measurement
  - O2 exhaust
  - CO2/CO exhaust
- Other Components
  - Rover Avionics Mounting Panel
  - Electronics



# MOXIE System Requirements

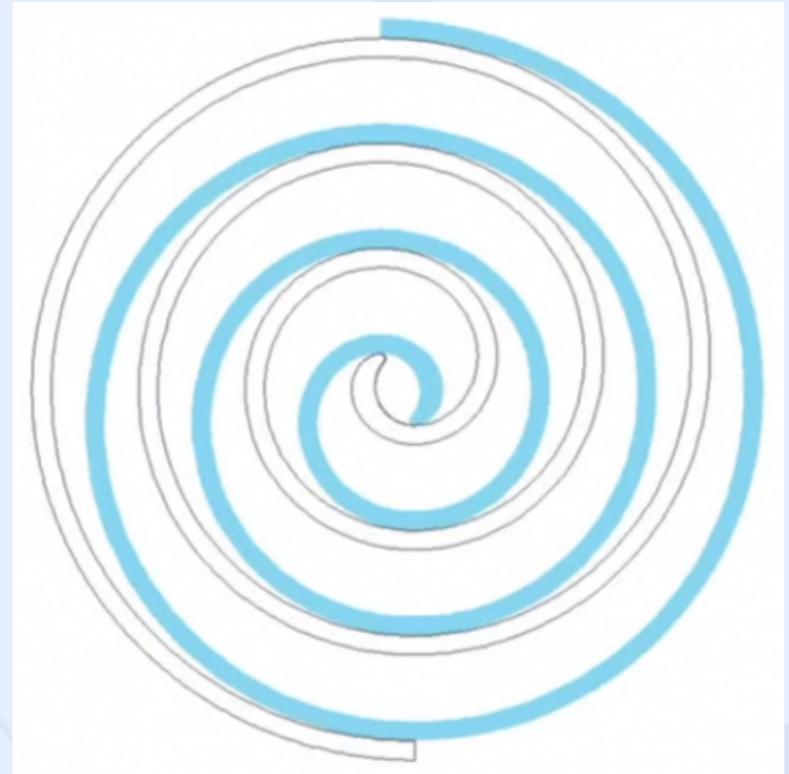
- Inlet
  - 4 – 7 Torr
  - -45°C to +55°C
- Outlet
  - 540-760 Torr
  - Pressure varies with inlet density, speed
    - Viscous Flow Control Device (VFCD) sized based on mass flow
  - Minimum flow requirement of 60 g/hr, under worst case conditions
- Flight system compressor envelope
  - Limited by MOXIE box and SOXE stack
    - 150 mm length, 96 mm width, 175 mm height

<b>Compressor Mechanical Requirements</b>	
Dimensions [mm]	150 x 96 x 175
Mass [kg]	1.96
<b>Compressor Performance Requirements</b>	
Gas Inlet Pressure Range [Torr]	4 to 7
Gas Inlet Temperature Range [°C]	-45 to +55
Gas Outlet Pressure [Torr]	540 - 760
Mass Flow Rate Minimum [g/hr.]	60
Life [hrs.]	60



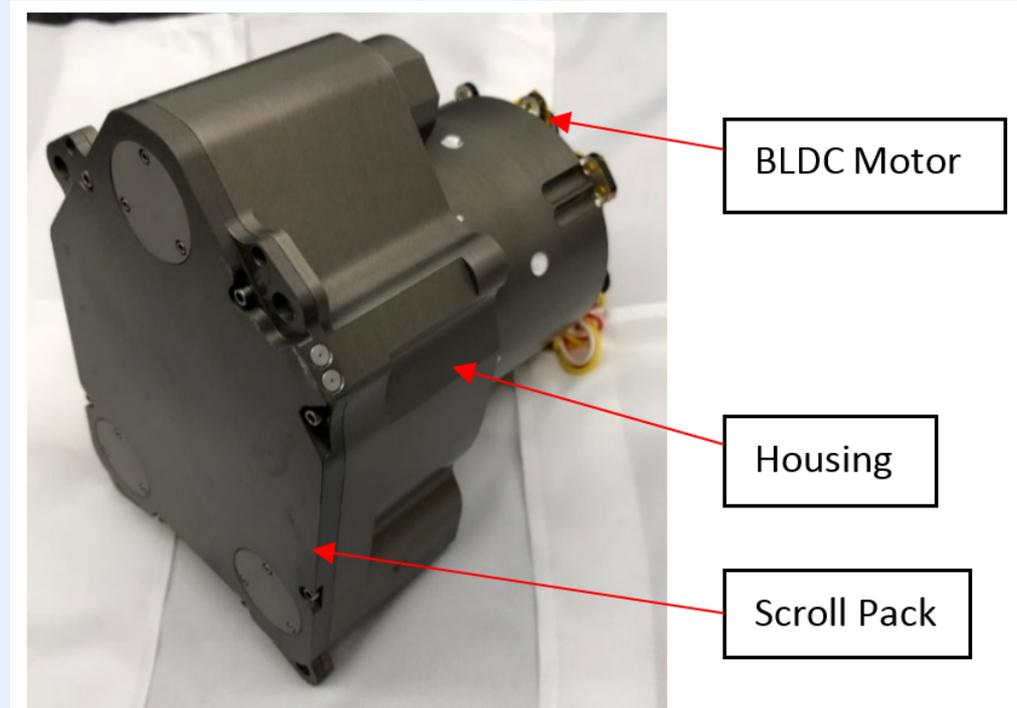
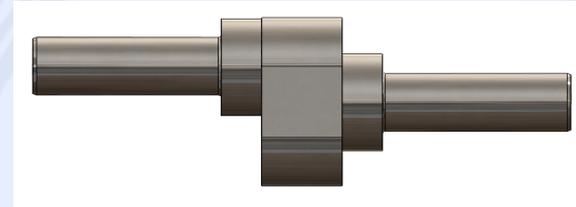
# Why a Scroll Compressor?

- Scroll compressor dates back to 1905 (Leon Crux)
  - Laid dormant for nearly 70 years due to tolerances
- Benefits of scroll compressors
  - Light weight
  - Low vibration
  - High efficiency
  - High reliability
  - Oil free



# Main Components

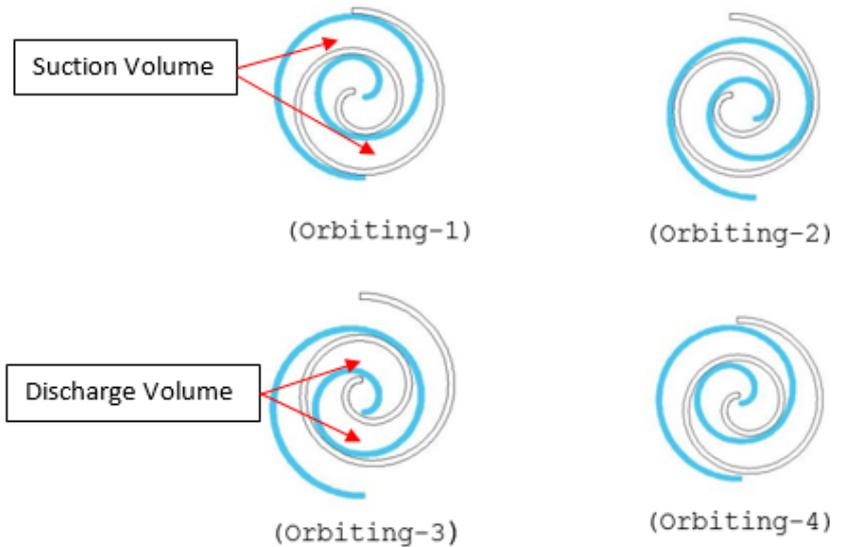
- Scroll Pack
  - Orbiting Scroll (1)
  - Fixed Scroll (1)
  - Idler Shafts (3)
- Housing
- Motor
- Crankshaft
- Bearings
- Tip Seals



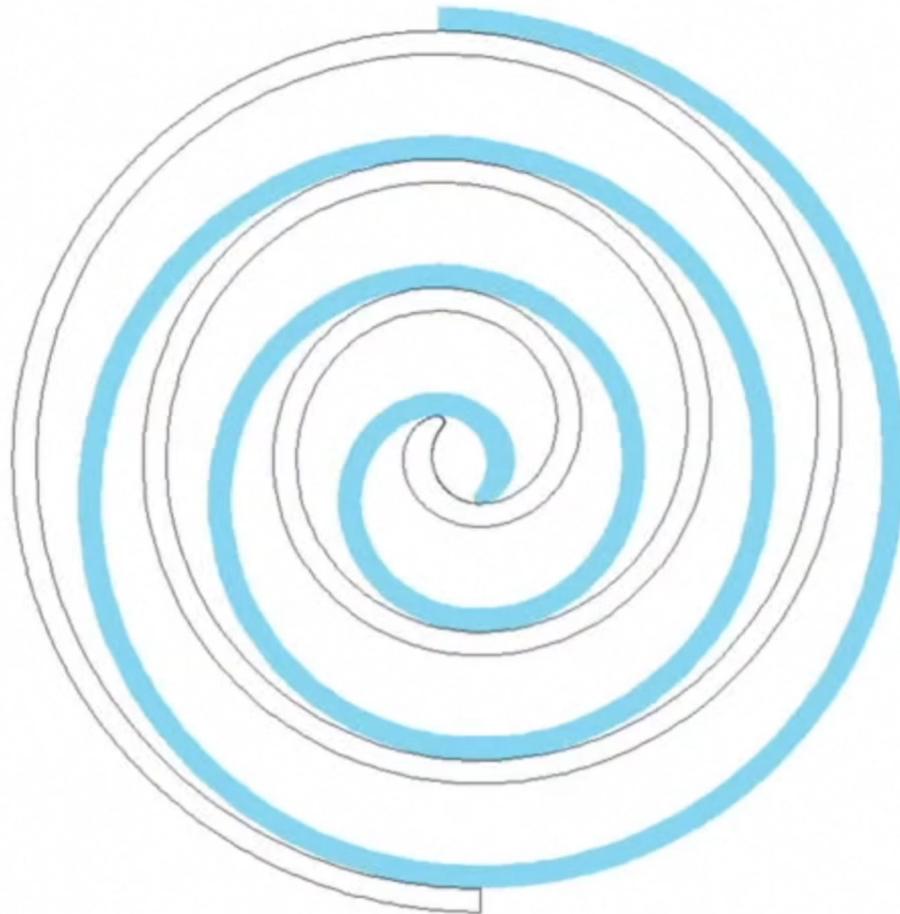
# Scroll Geometry

- Two important characteristics of geometry
  - Suction volume
  - Volume ratio
- Patented delayed porting

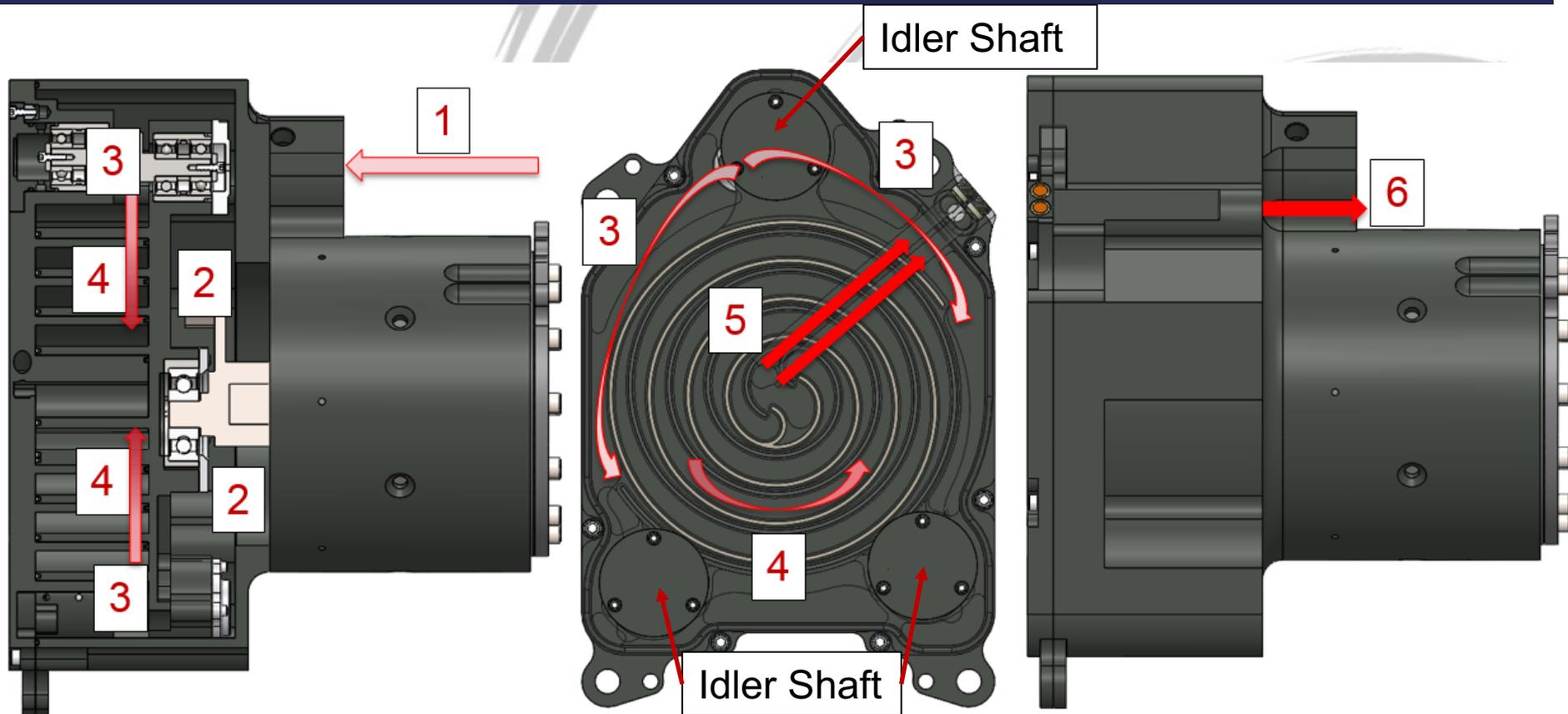
Delayed Porting



# Scroll Involute Compression Process

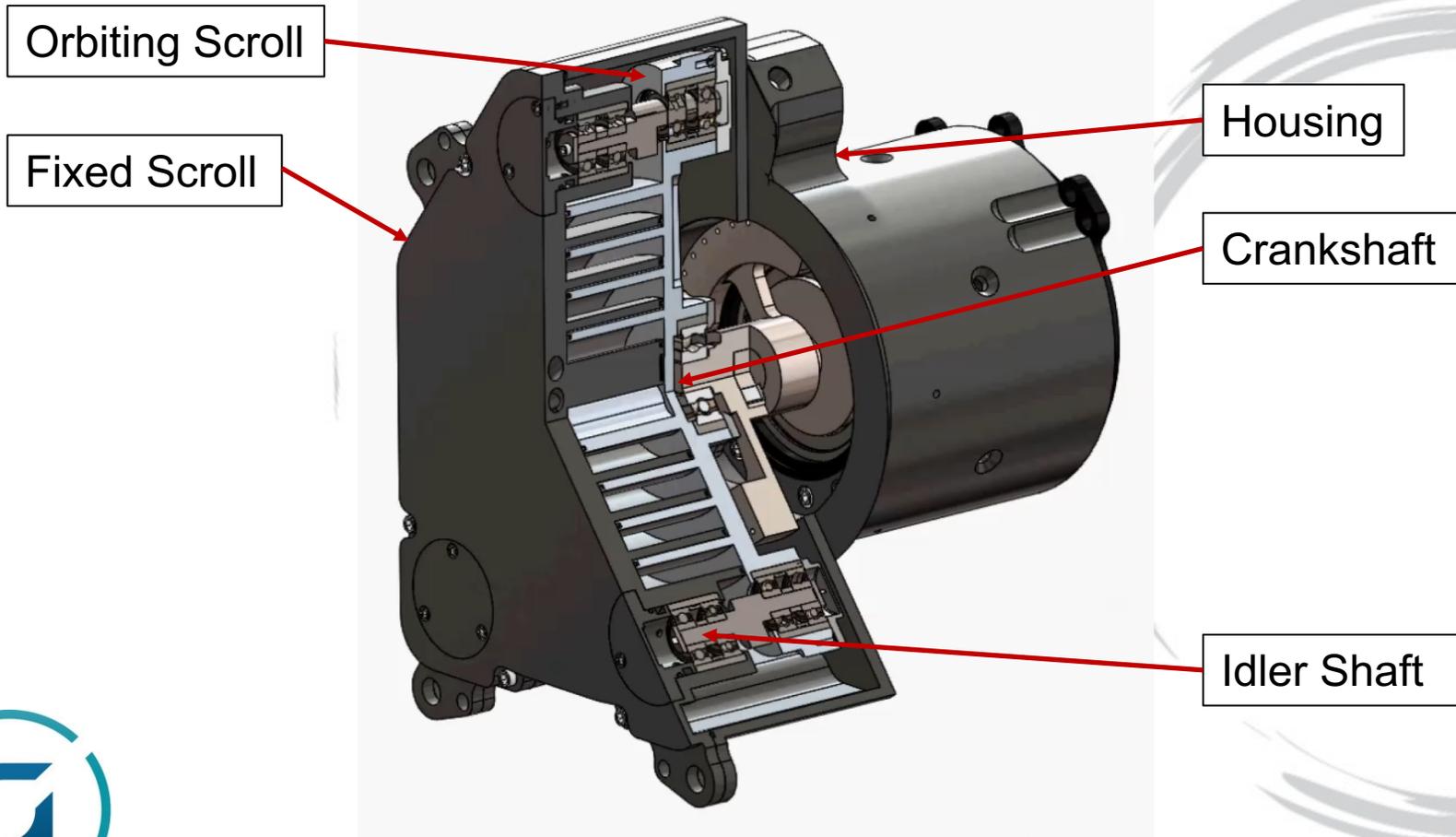


# Scroll Compressor Working Principle



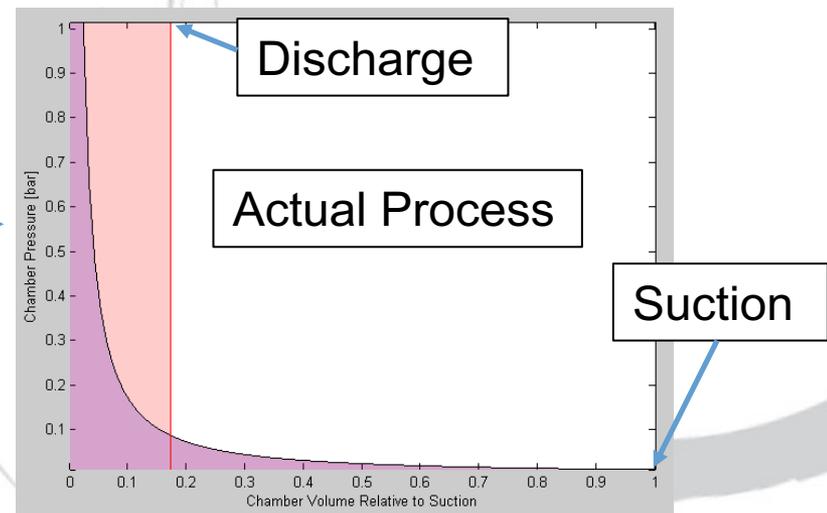
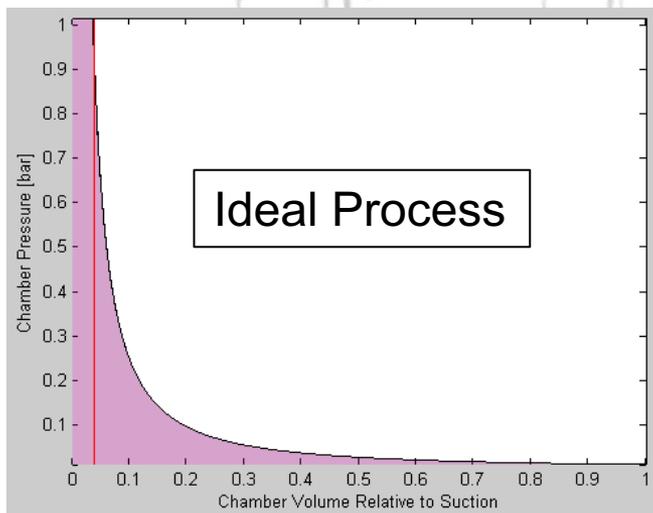
# Scroll Compressor Operation

## Working Principle - Isometric



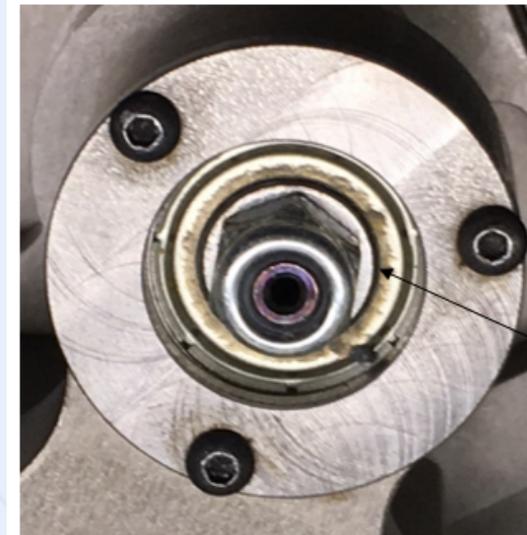
# Compression Process

- Pressure volume curve shown below
  - Volume on x-axis
  - Pressure on the y-axis
- Suction process follows the x-axis
- Ideal compression process follows the purple curve
  - For an ideal compression process – Volume ratio is 44.2
- Pink area is off the ideal compression process



# Issues Found with the Prototype

- Bearing grease seeping through the shields
  - Decomposition of grease will deactivate active sites on cathode
    - Estimate of 100 micrograms could destroy stack
- Grease seepage mainly due to pressure cycles
- Use of Krytox grease in the prototype was not preferred for the flight unit – JPL recommended Braycote
- Thermal expansion of scrolls
- Motor was not space rated

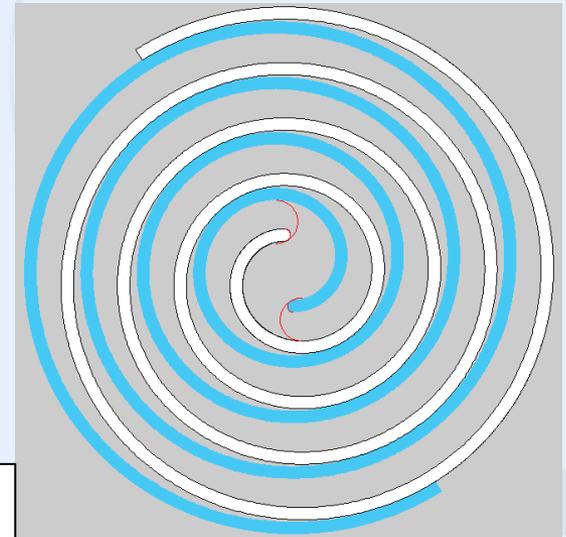


Bearing Grease



# Flight Unit Development

- Flight unit development was heavily influenced by the prototype
  - Designed for launch loads – bearing loads
  - Increase operating temperature range – bearing fits
  - Motor vendor with flight heritage – motor design
- The reduction in width has significant impact on flow
  - 106 mm down to 96 mm
  - Prototype SV = 40.6 cc
  - Flight SV = 30.1 cc
- Had to increase height of involute
  - Increase risk for Air Squared



Flight Involute



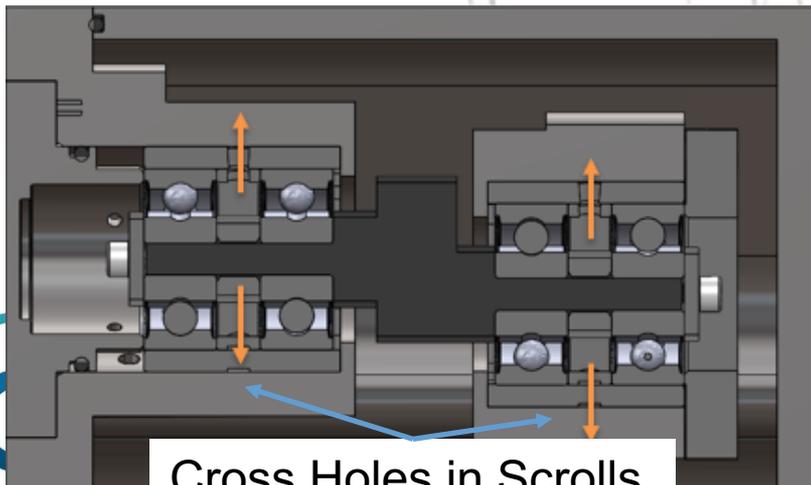
# Bearing Fit Solution – Flight Unit

- Bearings were sleeved to prevent loss of press
  - Scrolls made of aluminum, bearings are 440c
- Machining of involutes is critical based on locations of idler bores
  - Roughed involutes and finished aluminum bores
  - Pressed roughed ID sleeve
  - Finish 440c sleeves and involute in the same operation
- Mask the bores for the anodize process

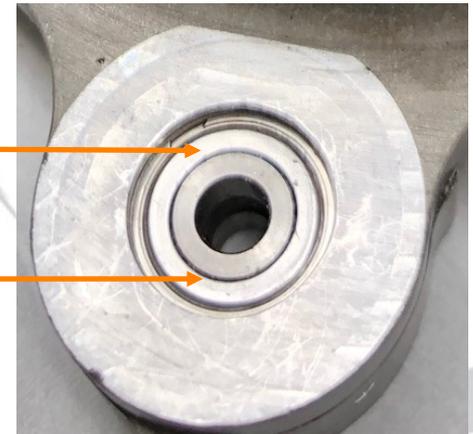
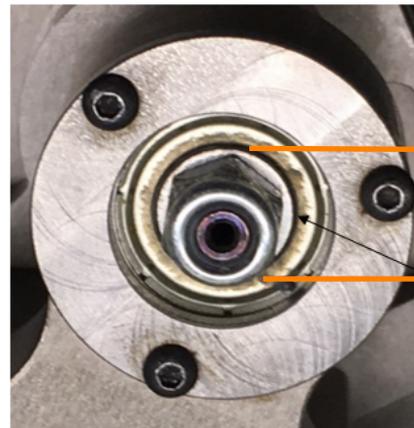


# Grease Loss Solution – Flight Unit

- Prevented trapped pockets of gas from pulling through shields
  - Implemented bearing spacers to vent (left image)
- Solved the issue of bearing grease seepage
  - Left images (Prototype)
  - Right image (Flight Qualification Unit)
    - 391 hours
    - 14 pressure cycles

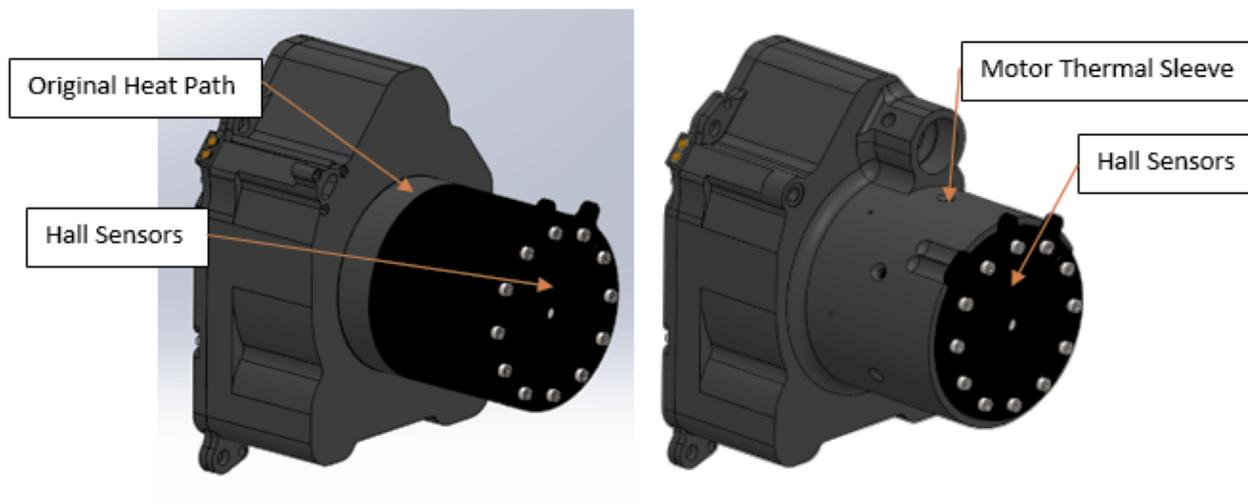


Cross Holes in Scrolls



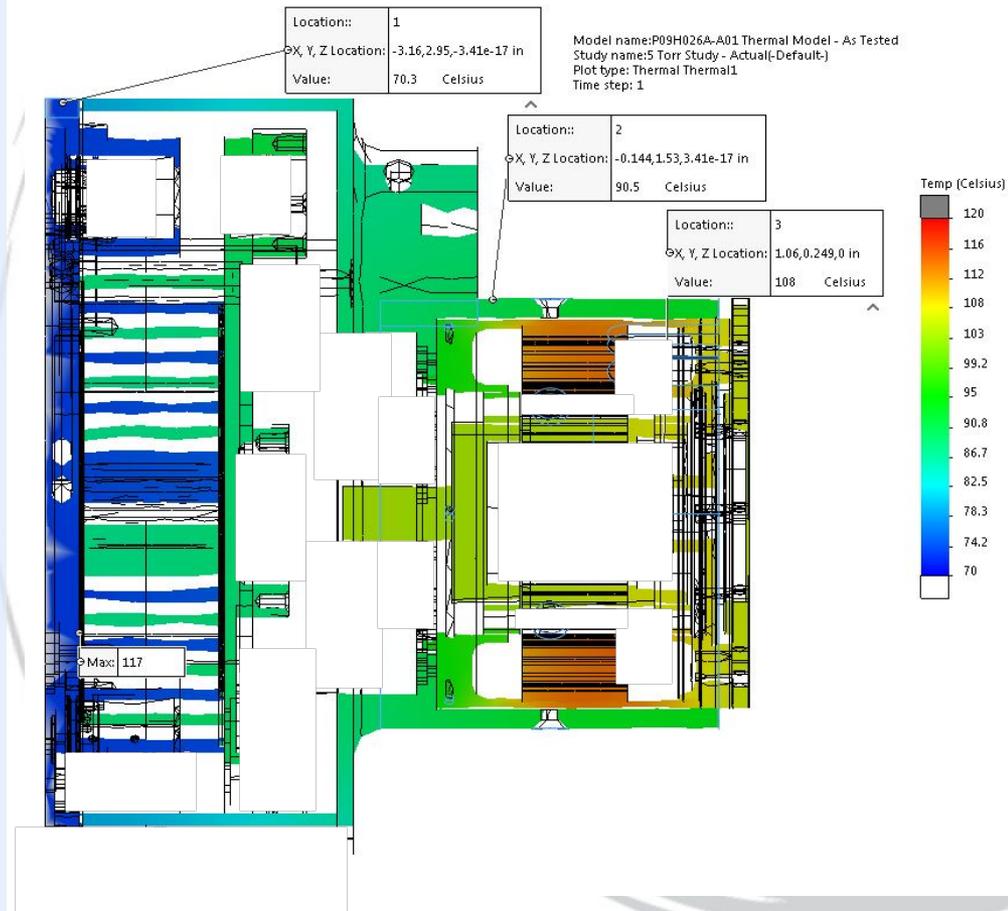
# Motor and Thermal Performance

- Motor changed from prototype to flight unit
  - Needed a motor vendor with flight heritage
  - Went from frameless design to housed
  - Housed motor used stainless steel housing for CTE match
- Created issue for hall sensor temperature (De-rated to 105 C)
- After testing, had to redesign the housing – with JPL input
  - Aluminum extension to compressor housing
  - Removes heat from stator conducts to RAMP housing

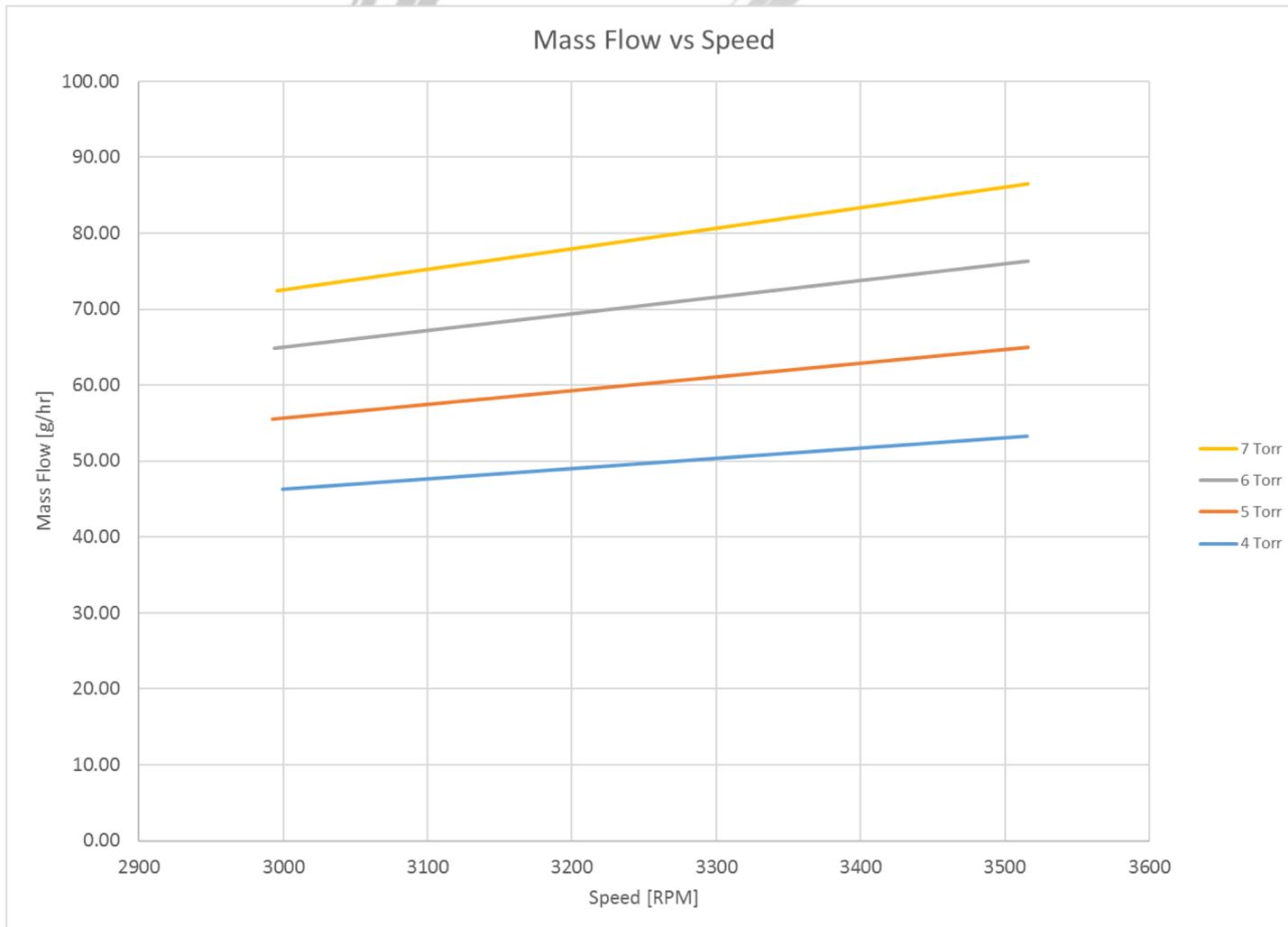


# Thermal Model

- Assumptions made based on Spacecraft Thermal Control Handbook
- Temperatures verified during testing
  - Temperature stickers on orbiting scroll
- ~20°C delta from fixed to orbiting scroll
- ~35°C gradient from fixed scroll to back of motor (hall sensors) at nominal operating conditions

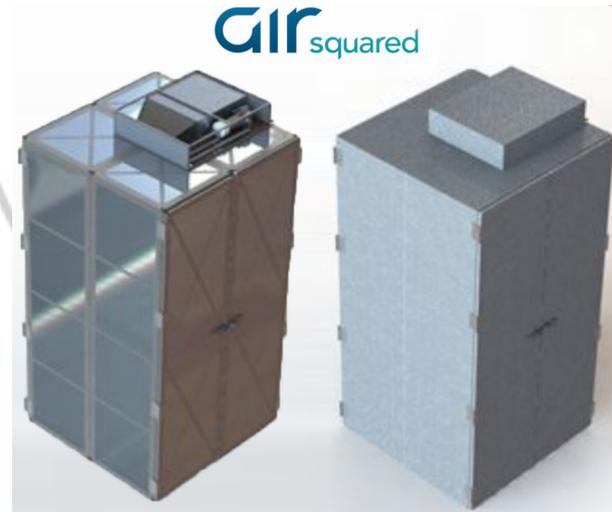


# Flight Unit Varying Inlet Performance



# Current Projects and Future Applications

- Larger scale compressors – human missions
  - 100x the flow rate of the MOXIE system
- Compressor for CO<sub>2</sub> removal on spacecrafts
  - Capable of wide range of inlet and outlet pressures
    - 2 Torr inlet capability
    - 2-3 Bar outlet capability
- Cryogenic Pump
  - Propulsion systems
- Zero Gravity Refrigeration Systems





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